بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Al-'Āfiyah—How to ask Allāh for Wellbeing, Safety and Security in these Difficult Times

By Abu Khadeejah Abdul-Wāhid Alam¹

All praise is due to Allah, the Lord of all creation. May Allah extol the Messenger in the highest company of Angels and grant him peace; and likewise, his family, his Companions and all those who truly follow him until the Day of Resurrection.

From the greatest of the blessings of Allah (بَبَارِكُوتَعَالَ) upon a servant is that He grants him wellbeing and safety in this life and in the

¹ Based on an article by Shaikh Khālid Adh-Dhufīri (may Allah preserve him).

Hereafter—wellbeing and safety from desires and diseases, from shirk and kufr², from innovations and disobedience and from all types of sicknesses and ailments—whether in himself, his parents, his wife, his children, his wealth, his possessions, his life and that which affects his Hereafter.

'Ubaidullāh bin Mihsan (مَنْوَلِيَّلَهُمْ) narrated that Prophet (صَلَّالَتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) said:

"Whoever among you wakes up in the morning secured in his dwelling, healthy in his body, having his food for the day,

² Polytheism and unbelief.

then it is as if the world has been gathered for him."

نِعْمَتَانِ مَغْبُونٌ فِيهِمَا كَثِيرٌ مِنَ النّاسِ الصِّحّةُ وَالْفَرَاغُ

³ Tirmidhi, no. 2346. Declared to be hasan by Al-Albāni.

"There are two blessings which many people lose out on: health and free time."

The importance of al-'āfiyah (wellbeing) is reported plentifully from the Prophet of Mercy, our Messenger (مَعَالَتُهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَلَّمُ) wherein he would encourage his Ummah to supplicate to Allah for al-'āfiyah (wellbeing) and to humble themselves to Allah (بَتَاكُونَعَالَ) and make du'ā that He perfects His blessing of wellbeing upon His believing worshipper.

Look, for example, at this advice of the Prophet (صَّلَاتَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمٍ) to his uncle Al-'Abbās (مُوَعَلَّلُهُ عَنْهُ).

عَنِ الْعَبَّاسِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الْمُطَّلِبِ قَالَ قُلْتُ يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ عَلِّمْنِي شَيْئًا أَسْأَلُهُ اللَّهَ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ قَالَ سَلِ اللَّهَ الْعَافِيَةَ فَمَكَثْتُ أَيَّامًا ثُمَّ

⁴ Bukhāri, no. 6412.

جِئْتُ فَقُلْتُ يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ عَلِّمْنِي شَيْئًا أَسْأَلُهُ اللَّهَ فَقَالَ لِي يَا عَبَّاسُ يَا عَمَّ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ **سَلِ اللَّهَ الْعَافِيَةَ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالآخِرَةِ** عَبَّاسُ يَا عَمَّ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ **سَلِ اللَّهَ الْعَافِيَةَ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالآخِرَةِ**

Al-'Abbās bin Abdul-Muttalib said: "I said: 'O Messenger of Allah, teach me something that I may ask Allah (عَرَّفِعَلَ) for.'

He (مَاَلِتَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) said: 'Ask Allah for al-'āfiyah (wellbeing).'

So, I remained for a day, then I came back and asked again: 'O Messenger of Allah, teach me something that I may ask Allah for.'

So, he (صَّالَاتُهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَلَّمُ) said to me: 'O Abbās, O uncle of the Messenger of Allah! Ask Allah for al-'āfiyah in the world and in the Hereafter.'"⁵

⁵ Tirmidhi, no. 3514.

The Messenger (صَّالَتُنَّعَلَيْهِوَسَالَةٍ) would forbid the people from wishing to meet evil and would often remind them to ask for wellbeing:

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ لاَ تَتَمَنَّوْا لِقَاءَ الْعَدُوِّ **وَاسْأَلُوا اللَّهَ الْعَافِيَةَ** فَإِذَا لَقِيتُمُوهُمْ فَاصْبِرُوا وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ الْجُنَّةَ تَحْتَ ظِلاَلِ السُّيُوفِ

"O people, do not wish for an encounter with the enemy and pray to Allah to grant you wellbeing (al-'āfiyah). But when you have to encounter them, exercise patience and you should know that Paradise is under the shade of the swords."

The Prophet (صَّالَاتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَقٌ) would ask for al-'āfiyah, wellbeing and security each morning and evening as is reported from Ibn 'Umar (صَّالِلَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمٌ) that Allah Messenger (صَّالِلَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمٌ)

⁶ Muslim, no. 1742.

would never off this supplication in the morning and late afternoon:

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّى أَسْأَلُكَ الْعَافِيَةَ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالآخِرَةِ اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّى أَسْأَلُكَ الْعَفْوَ وَالْعَافِيَةَ فِي الدُّنْيَاىَ وَأَهْلِي وَمَالِي اللَّهُمَّ اسْتُرْ عَوْرَاتِي وَآمِنْ رَوْعَاتِي اللَّهُمَّ احْفَظْنِي مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَىَّ وَمِنْ خَلْفِي وَعَنْ يَمِينِي وَعَنْ شِمَالِي وَمِنْ فَوْقِ وَأَعُوذُ بِعَظَمَتِكَ أَنْ أُغْتَالَ مِنْ تَحْتِي

"O Allah, I ask you for security in this world and in the Hereafter: O Allah! I ask you for forgiveness and security in my religion and my worldly affairs, in my family and my property. O Allah! conceal my faults, and keep me safe from the things I fear. O Allah! Guard me in front of me and behind me, on my right hand and on my left, and from above me, and I seek protection in your Greatness from receiving unexpected harm from below me." Abu Dawūd

said: "Wakee' said: Meaning, being swallowing by the earth."⁷

Whoever is given al-'āfiyah has received a great amount of goodness and has achieved an immense blessing from Allah (آبَاكُوْتَاكُا). And if Allah gathers for His believing obedient servant wellbeing with pardon, forgiveness and concealment of his faults, then that is a truly tremendous bounty upon Him from the Lord (عَيْكِيلً) of all creation.

Mu'ādh bin Rafā'ah reported from his father who said: Abu Bakr As-Siddeeq (مَا الْمَعْنَافِينَ) stood on the minbar (pulpit) and wept. He then said: "Our Prophet (مَا الْمَا ال

⁷ Abu Dawud, no. 5074. Declared saheeh by Al-Albāni.

سَلُوا اللَّهَ الْعَفْوَ وَالْعَافِيَةَ فَإِنَّ أَحَدًا لَمْ يُعْطَ بَعْدَ الْيَقِينِ خَيْرًا مِنَ الْعَافِيَةِ الْعَافِيةِ الْعَافِيةِ الْعَافِيةِ

"Ask Allah for pardon and al-'āfiyah, for verily, no one has been given anything better, after the certainty [of belief], than al-'āfiyah."

Supplicating for al-'āfiyah is from the greatest of supplications and the best of what a person can ask for from his Lord (تَوَالِكُونَاكِيّ). Abu Hurayrah (وَحَوَالِكُمُ عَنْهُ) narrated that Allah's Messenger (مَحَالِلُهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَلَرً) said: "There is not a supplication that is made by a person better than:

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ الْمُعَافَاةَ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالآخِرَةِ

⁸ Tirmidhi, no. 3558, declared saheeh by Al-Albāni.

"O Allah, I ask You for wellbeing and security in this world and in the Hereafter."

The Prophet (مَرَاسَهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَلَهُ) forbade people from supplicating for punishment to be hastened upon themselves. Instead a person should ask Allah for wellbeing, security and safety in this world and in the Hereafter. Anas bin Mālik (مَرَافَيُونِهُ) narrated that the Prophet (مَرَافَيُونِهُ) visited a man who had grown as weak as a new born chick. So, the Messenger (مَرَافَيُونِهُ) said to him: "Did you not make du'ā to Allah for anything regarding this affliction?"

He replied: "Yes. I supplicated saying: Impose punishment upon me earlier in this

⁹ Ibn Mājah, no. 3851, declared saheeh by Al-Albāni.

world, that which you would impose upon me in the Hereafter."

Thereupon, Allah's Messenger (صَالَاتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَالَةُ) said: "Glorified be Allah, the One free of all imperfections! You have neither the strength nor the ability to take that upon yourself. Why did you not say instead,

"O Allah, grant us good in the world and good in the Hereafter, and save us from the torment of Fire." Then the Prophet (مَثَالَتَتُعَلَيْوسَلَّةِ) made this supplication for him and he was cured.¹⁰

Allah's Messenger (صَّاَلَتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمُ) used seek refuge with Allah (تَبَارِكُ وَتَعَالَىٰ) by mentioning His attributes. So, he would seek refuge in Allah's

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¹⁰ Muslim, no. 2688.

Mu'āfāt (His Security, Safety and Wellbeing) from being struck by His anger and punishment. 'Ā'ishah (رَحَوَالِلَهُ) said: "I noticed the Messenger of Allah (مَوَالِلُهُ) was missing one night, and I found him when he was prostrating with his feet held upright, and he was saying:

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّى أَعُودُ بِرِضَاكَ مِنْ سُخْطِكَ وَأَعُودُ بِمُعَافَاتِكَ مِنْ عُقُوبَتِكَ وَأَعُودُ بِكَ مِنْكَ لاَ أُحْصِى ثَنَاءً عَلَيْكَ أَنْتَ كَمَا أَثْنَيْتَ عَلَى نَفْسِكَ

"O Allah, I seek refuge in your pleasure from Your wrath, I seek refuge in your Safety and Security (Mu'āfāt) from your punishment, and I seek refuge in You from You. I cannot enumerate your praise, for You are as You have praised yourself."¹¹

¹¹ An-Nasā'ee, no. 1100.

And he (صَّاَلِتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمٌ) would seek refuge with Allah from a good state being altered to a bad one:

"O Allah, I seek refuge in You from the withdrawal of your blessings, and the change of your safety and security of me, and from the suddenness of your wrath, and from your every displeasure." 12

It is seeking protection with Allah and seeking His aid and being humble before Him that will lift from the Muslims these afflictions, diseases and tribulations. The affair is with Allah, the Most High. This world is His possession as

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¹² Muslim, no. 2739.

is the Hereafter, His alone—He is our Lord, and there is no true Lord besides Him.

"And if Allah touches you with harm, none can remove it but He, and if He touches you with good, then He is Able to do all things."

"And He is the Irresistible, above His slaves, and He is the All-Wise, Well-Acquainted with all things." (Al-An'ām: 17-16)

From the mightiest of affairs that repel afflictions and prevent them even before they occur is returning to Allah (الْبَالِكُوْتَعَالِيَّ), and to fear Him as He deserves to be feared, to be humble before Him, to obey Him and His Messenger (اسْمَالِسُلَةُمَا عَلَيْدُوسَةُمُّ) as you have been commanded abukhadeejah.com p.14

—and to abandon sinful behaviour and to hasten towards piety.

"Verily, We sent Messengers to many nations before you, O Muhammad—and We seized them with extreme poverty or loss in wealth, loss in health and with calamities so that they might believe with humility."

"When Our Torment reached them, why then did they not believe with humility? But their hearts became hardened, and Shaitan beautified to them that which they used to do." (Al-An'ām: 42-43)

A Muslim should be constant in supplicating to Allah and seeking His protection and refuge. The Messenger (صَالَاتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَالَمُ used to supplicate to Allah by saying 13:

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّى أَعُودُ بِكَ مِنَ الْبَرَصِ وَالْجُنُونِ وَالْجُذَامِ وَمِنْ سَيِّئِ اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُودُ بِكَ مِنَ الْبَرَصِ وَالْجُنُونِ وَالْجُذَامِ وَمِنْ سَيِّئِ اللَّسْقَامِ

¹³ Abu Dawud, no. 1554.

"O Allah! I seek refuge in You from leukoderma¹⁴, insanity, leprosy¹⁵ and from [all] terrible diseases."

May Allah make us from the sincere followers of the Prophets, and true worshippers of Allah (عَرَّفِيَلً), able to control our desires and to be patient upon hardships suffering. Allah (تَالِثُوْبَعَالُ) stated:

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¹⁴ Vitiligo also called as leukoderma is an autoimmune disorder wherein the immune system of the body attacks the healthy cells and, in turn, starts affecting the body. The condition is characterised by white patches on the skin that develops as a result of melanocytes within the skin.

¹⁵ Leprosy is an infectious disease that causes severe, disfiguring skin sores and nerve damage in the arms, legs, and skin areas around the body. The disease has been around since ancient times.

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُ بِالْعَدْلِ وَالْإِحْسَانِ وَإِيتَاءِ ذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ وَيَنْهَىٰ عَنِ الْفُرْبَىٰ وَيَنْهَىٰ عَنِ الْفُرْبَىٰ وَلَنْهَىٰ عَنِ الْفُحْشَاءِ وَالْمُنكرِ وَالْبَغْيُ ۚ يَعِظُكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ

"Indeed, Allah orders justice, good conduct and giving generously to relatives. And He forbids immorality, evil deeds and oppression. He admonishes you that perhaps you will be reminded." (An-Nahl 16:90)

And all praise is for Allah the Lord of all creation—and peace and blessing be upon the Messenger, his family, his Companions and all those who truly follow him until the Day of Resurrection.

أقولُ قَوْلِي هذا وأستغفِرُ اللهَ لِي ولكم مِن كلِّ ذنبٍ فاسْتَغْفِرُوهُ إنَّهُ هو الغفورُ الرحيم